

LA TEST TELEGRAPH NEWS, CONTINUED FROM FIFTH PAGE.

ITALY WANTS SATISFACTION

Lynching of Italians May Assume International Aspect.

AN INVESTIGATION ASKED

The Italian Charge d'Affaires at Washington Makes Representations Concerning the Hanging of Five of His Countrymen in Louisiana Friday by a Mob—Dual Investigation Instituted.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.) Washington, D. C., July 22.—The lynching of five Italians in Louisiana yesterday promises to assume an international aspect through the action of the Italian government. Count Venechi, the Italian charge d'affaires, called at the State Department at an early hour this morning, and made representations to the officials concerning the atrocity in Louisiana.

INFORMATION WIRE FOR. In order to get full information as a basis for action by this government, Secretary Hay thereupon telegraphed the Governor of Louisiana requesting all the facts in connection with the lynching. Count Venechi's action was predicated on reports from the Italian consular officials in Louisiana, and by the press reports. There is reason to believe also that the Italian foreign office is already fully informed on the occurrence.

PRELIMINARY REPRESENTATIONS.

It is probable, however, that the representations of to-day are only preliminary with the view of calling attention to the facts reported and to pave the way for any protest or demand of reparation which may follow. The affair is considered in official Italian quarters as much like that in which Mr. Blaine cases at New Orleans, at which time was Secretary of State, Baron Fava, called for his passport and left the country. Baron Fava is now in Rome on vacation, and during his absence Count Venechi has charge of Italian affairs in this country.

Count Venechi's representations to the State Department were based upon a brief dispatch from the acting consul at New Orleans, Mr. Pabink. Count Venechi at once directed that all the papers in the case be secured and that special inquiry be made as to whether the victims of the lynching were Italian citizens who had not become naturalized. In submitting the facts to the State Department Count Venechi wrote a note reciting the telegram and reinforcing it with an expression of the hope that steps will be taken to ascertain the facts and extend protection to Italians in the neighborhood.

SUBMITTED TO THE PRESIDENT. He saw Secretary Hay and also Assistant Secretary Hill. Mr. Hay was about to go to the White House, so that the representations made by the Italian charge were submitted to the President. Throughout the conference the most agreeable spirit was shown, and there was no intimation from Count Venechi that his government was disposed to make a serious issue of the affair. Neither personally nor in the note which he submitted was there any protest or demand for indemnity. Any steps in this line are likely to come when the facts are fully established.

TWO SIMILAR AFFAIRS.

Count Venechi recalled that during his service here two affairs very similar to this, one in Colorado and the other in Louisiana, have been brought before him. In both cases the Italian charge had been brought about through the sympathetic and friendly feeling which prevails between the two governments. He felt sure, he said, that this same sentiment would accomplish a just settlement in the present case.

CO-OPERATION.

While greatly deploring the affair he feels that there are circumstances which make it difficult for the Federal authorities to deal with it. Therefore he is co-operating with the officials here in determining the nationality of the murdered men. It has been impossible thus far to communicate with the consular agent who has gone to the scene. The dispatches returned by the telegraph company and the department is unable to get track of him. His report and that of the Governor of Louisiana are expected to give valuable information on the subject. The data upon which the government can act.

Count Venechi paid a third visit to the State Department at 3 o'clock this afternoon. He saw Assistant Secretary Hill and inquired as to the progress of the action in the matter, and expressed satisfaction when informed of the telegraphic request made upon the Governor of Louisiana for a report on the case. In addition Mr. Hill expressed the satisfaction with which the government at the unfortunate occurrence. No message has yet come from the Foreign Office at Rome.

DECLARATIONS FILED.

New Orleans, La., July 22.—A dispatch from Tallulah, La., says that the five Italians who were lynched yesterday had been living in Madison Parish for some years and had filed their declarations to become citizens. Some had applied for naturalization papers.

ITALIAN JOURNAL'S COMMENT.

Rome, July 22.—The Panfolla, commenting upon the lynching of the Italians at Tallulah, La., yesterday recalls similar cases which have occurred in the past, and while stigmatizing such savage acts, deplores the indifference of the United States Government, which the Panfolla says, has not the strength to vanquish fanatical prejudices and sometimes, as in the case of the shooting of the miners at Hazelton, refuses all explanation.

The paper expresses the hope that the Italian Government will demand and insist upon an explanation of and satisfaction for the lynching.

SITUATION IN LOUISIANA.

Baton Rouge, La., July 22.—Governor Foster has received a telegram from the Secretary of State at Washington announcing that the Italian charge d'affaires has applied to him for information in the recent lynching of Italian subjects in the Parish of Madison, and demanding protection for other

Italians in that section of the State. The Governor has received a telegram from the Acting Consul at New Orleans saying that information has been received that his delegates or agents sent to investigate the lynchings will be assaulted should they appear at Tallulah, and that the newspapers announce that District Attorney Patrick Henry of Vicksburg, Miss., stated that the Italians have been warned to leave the Parish of Madison within three days or accept the same fate of the five Italians at Tallulah. Upon receipt of these telegrams Governor Foster wired the sheriff of Madison Parish their contents and requested him to furnish all the facts of the lynching and the present situation and to say if the civil authorities in Madison Parish could maintain the law.

THE WORLD OF SPORT

STANDING OF THE CLUBS. NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Brooklyn	55	26	.679
Boston	50	30	.625
Philadelphia	48	31	.608
St. Louis	46	33	.582
Chicago	44	33	.571
Baltimore	44	34	.564
Cincinnati	39	39	.500
Pittsburg	38	42	.475
New York	35	43	.449
Louisville	34	45	.432
Washington	30	53	.361
Cleveland	15	68	.181

CINCINNATI, 4; BOSTON, 5. Cincinnati, O., July 22.—Selbach's misjudging Duff's fly gave the Champions to-day's game in the tenth. A poor decision by Smith in the third inning gave Boston two runs. The game was very exciting. Attendance 4,500. Score by innings: R.H.E. Cincinnati, 0 0 0 3 0 1 0 0 0—4 8 1. Boston, 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 1—12 12 1. Batteries: Phillips and Wood; Lewis and Clark. Umpires—Manassau and Smith. Time—2:30.

LOUISVILLE, 9; BROOKLYN, 2. Louisville, Ky., July 22.—The Colonels outplayed the Brooklyn at every point. The feature of the game was the batting and fielding of Kelly, the Colonels' new first baseman. Attendance 3,500. Score by innings: R.H.E. Louisville, 0 0 2 0 2 0 5 0 0—9 11 1. Brooklyn, 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—2 8 2. Batteries: Cunningham and Zimmer; James, Cager and McGuire. Umpires—Lynch and Connolly. Time—2:30.

PITTSBURG, 18; PHILADELPHIA, 4. Pittsburg, July 22.—Pitt was so easy that Pittsburg's victory was almost a foregone conclusion. Beant made a record for the season. In six times at bat he made six hits (none going out of the diamond), and scored six runs. If errors had not been made behind Tannehill, the score would have been 18 to 0. Attendance 3,800. Score by innings: R.H.E. Pittsburg, 0 0 0 3 0 4 1 1 3 2—18 19 4. Phila., 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—4 11 7. Batteries: Tannehill and Schriver; Platt and Douglas. Umpires—Swartwood and Hunt. Time—2:15.

CHICAGO, 1; BALTIMORE, 2. Chicago, July 22.—The Orioles defeated Chicago to-day in a close but listless game. Griffith hit two men at the start, one of them going on a double. Morgan played a brilliant short, and Chance's catching was a feature. Attendance 5,100. Score by innings: R.H.E. Chicago, 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1 5 3. Baltimore, 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2 8 2. Batteries: Griffith and Chance; Howell and Robinson. Umpires—O'Day and McGarr. Time—Two hours.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Richmond	7	5	.583
Allentown	7	5	.583
Lancaster	6	6	.500
Reading	6	7	.462
Wilkesbarre	5	7	.417
Newark	5	8	.385

ATLANTIC LEAGUE RESULTS: Reading, 8; Lancaster, 7. Richmond, 13; Wilkesbarre, 10. Allentown, 8; Newark, 4.

ON THE TURF.

SUMMARY OF RACES AT BRIGHTON BEACH.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.) New York, July 22.—Results at Brighton Beach:

First race—Five furlongs, selling—Ceylon (8 to 1), won; Premature (8 to 5 and 3 to 1), second; Prelinghuyzen (2 to 1), third. Time, 1:08 1-5.

Second race—One and a quarter miles—Laybrook (6 to 1), won; Decatur (5 to 1 and 1 to 2), second; Lackland (5 to 2), third. Time, 2:08 2-5.

Third race—Six furlongs, selling—Trumpet (1 to 2), won; Shoreham (1 to 2 and out), second; Knight Banner (10 to 1), third. Time, 1:14 4-5. Trumpet and Shoreham were coupled in the betting.

Fourth race—Six furlongs—Fire Arm (8 to 5), won; Isidor (4 to 1 and even), second; Helobus (7 to 5), third. Time, 1:14.

Fifth race—One mile, selling—Lackwood (3 to 1), won; Maximo Gomez (3 to 1 and 4 to 1), second; Fly by Night (even), third. Time, 1:41 2-5.

Sixth race—Seven furlongs—King Barleycorn (7 to 1), won; Roysterer (13 to 5 and 7 to 10), second; Sir Hubert (7 to 5), third. Time, 1:29 1-5.

AMERICA AND ENGLAND.

ENGLAND WINS OUT IN INTER-UNIVERSITY SPORTS.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.) London, July 22.—England won out in the Inter-University sports at the Queen's Club grounds to-day, but the American team from Yale and Harvard made a splendid accounting. An immense crowd witnessed the great series of contests of picked athletes from both sides of the Atlantic.

The heat of the day was tropical and following a night's rainfall left London under a mist. Masses of the blue and crimson were in evidence about the crowded stands, and while the English grounds were brilliant with the flags of all nations, and the colors of Yale, Harvard, Oxford and Cambridge and the Prince of Wales was a prominent figure, and the host of spectators was a noteworthy one.

The track was in excellent condition. The American team woke up at Brighton in fine condition and breakfasted before 8, taking the 9 o'clock train to London. Under Steward Wendell's instructions not a word was said by a single man as to the probable outcome, but faces bespoke their confidence. The

contestants in the first events were warmly applauded on entering the grounds, followed, as they were by the judges, referees and timekeepers. The jump was made just in front of the pavilion and royal box, while simultaneously the hammer throwing commenced at the center of the grounds. It soon became evident that the events would tie, and when the English flag rose for the jumpers, and was followed by the American success in the hammer throwing both sides had a chance to give vent to their cheers.

The three mile run was the deciding event, and when on the last lap it was seen that Workman, of the Oxford-Cambridge team would win and England thereby gain the odd event, there was a scene of wild enthusiasm, conservative Englishmen and women rushed on the field to acclaim the victor. A dense crowd instantly surrounded Workman, and it was with great difficulty that the stewards succeeded in making a way for him to the pavilion. Here another scene of frantic excitement took place, members of the English team rushing forward and crying "well run, Workman," while on the other side the crowds cheered and waved hats and handkerchiefs. Workman was led to the top balcony of the pavilion and there bowed to the enthusiastic thousands.

After the contest E. J. Wendell, the Harvard's steward said: "No word of explanation or excuse can come from any friend by the American team. We were in the hands of a spirit and lost fairly on our merits or demerits. Certainly no one can say much of English hospitality or sportsmanship, and no friend of Yale or Harvard has a word of complaint to utter."

The long jump was won by C. C. Vassel (Oxford); E. P. Daly (Harvard), second; Roche (Harvard), third, and L. R. O. Bevan (Cambridge), fourth. The hammer throwing contest was won by W. A. Bush (Harvard), second; J. Brown (Harvard), third, and D. Greenfield (Oxford), third. Boat threw the hammer 156 feet 8 1/2 inches. The quarter-mile run was won by C. G. Davison (Cambridge), Boardman (Yale) second, Fisher (Yale) third. Time, 4:25 seconds.

The half-mile run was won by H. E. Graham (Cambridge), C. F. W. Struben (Cambridge), second, J. P. Adams (Yale) third, T. E. Burke (Harvard) fourth. Time, 1:57 1/2. Graham won by 12 yards.

The high jump was won by A. N. Rice (Harvard), H. S. Adair (Oxford) was marked for five feet, eleven inches; C. M. Roth (Harvard) for 5 feet 10 inches, and W. Paget-Tomlinson (Cambridge) 5 feet 5 inches.

The hurdles were won by F. Z. Fox (Harvard), W. Paget-Tomlinson (Cambridge) second, H. Parkes (Oxford) third, and J. W. Halliwell (Harvard) fourth. Time, 1:55 seconds.

The 100-yard dash was won by Graham (Harvard), C. R. Thomas (Oxford) second, E. A. Blount (Yale) third, and A. L. Hind (Cambridge) fourth. Winner's time, 10 seconds.

In the mile run A. Hunter (Cambridge) was the winner, T. L. Dawson (Oxford) second, C. R. Spitzer (Yale) third, and F. Smith (Yale) was fourth. Time, 4 minutes 24 seconds.

The three-mile run was won by H. W. Workman (Cambridge), C. K. Palmer (Yale) second. The others did not finish. Time, 15 minutes 24 2-5 seconds. England won the odd event.

LETTER FROM MR. BRYAN.

HE DISCUSSES FACTORIAL DIFFERENCES IN KENTUCKY DEMOCRATIC RANKS.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.) St. Louis, July 22.—Hon. William J. Bryan tonight gave to the Associated Press a letter written to Urey Woodson, National Democratic Committeeman for Kentucky, bearing upon the factional differences arising in the ranks of the Democratic party in Kentucky through the nomination of William Goebel for Governor, at Louisville, several weeks ago.

Speaking of the Louisville convention, Mr. Bryan says: "I noted with deep regret the bitterness which characterized the contest for the gubernatorial nomination, and studiously avoided saying or doing anything which could be construed as an expression of preference between the candidates, all of whom I know personally, and all of whom were outspoken supporters of the Chicago platform."

"I did not then nor shall I now discuss the relative merits of the candidates; neither am I sufficiently informed upon the facts to sit in judgment upon the conduct of the convention which placed the ticket in the field. The only objection I feel called upon to consider at the time is one urged by a number of friends whose sincerity I can not doubt, but with whose opinion I can not agree; namely, that the election of Mr. Goebel would endanger the success of the Democratic principles as enunciated in the Chicago platform."

Mr. Bryan then goes on at great length to show Mr. Goebel's loyalty to the Chicago platform and expresses a desire that all good Democrats shall recognize the party fold, provided they will accept the Democratic platform and support candidates pledged to it.

In conclusion he says: "Certainly a victory won upon the platform adopted by the Louisville convention cannot do harm, but what shall we say of a defeat? If the Republican State ticket is elected, the Republicans in Kentucky and elsewhere will be encouraged and the fight of 1900 made harder. If the Democratic State ticket is elected a Republican Senator will be elected from that State. The Senator elected by the next Legislature will serve throughout the next administration, and that shall it profit us if we elect a President and House of Representatives and have a hostile Senate to obstruct legislation. Silver cannot be restored; the trusts cannot be overthrown. The imperial policy of the Republican party cannot be brought to an end until the Senate of the Representatives and the Executive are all taken out of the hands of the Republican party."

"We are engaged in a great contest between plutocracy and democracy, a contest which may decide finally whether English financiers or American voters shall control our financial policy; whether our government shall be a government of the trusts or a government of the people; whether our nation shall remain a republic or become an empire."

In answer to those who urge that Mr. Goebel's election would be detrimental to the cause of bimetallism and to me personally, I deem it my duty to say that I have no personal or political interests that deserve to be considered when Democratic principles are at stake, and that, in my judgment, the cause of Democracy would be injured by the defeat of a Democratic ticket nominated upon a platform which unqualifiedly endorses the Chicago platform."

ECZEMA! THE ITCH KING

Had reigned with tantalizing tenacity in the blood of Mr. H. Borden, of Saunsville, Va., for thirty-five years, inflicting on its subject all the agonizing torment with which its capabilities endowed it. He had from time to time been given temporary relief by practicing physicians, only to relapse into a more distressing stage of the disease, and so hopeless had his case become that he despaired of ever being cured, when a friend called his attention to S. S. S. (Swift's Specific). The history of his long and painful affliction is best told in his own words:

"Mine was a case of Eczema of thirty-five years' standing. I had been treated by the best physicians that the surrounding country afforded, obtaining only temporary relief. The disease was of a very bad order. After being afflicted for thirty years, it attacked me in a different form. The itching discontinued, but eruptions of a matter nature followed, and my general health was rapidly giving way. I was finally told by the last doctor, after I found that his treatment did me no good, that I was as well as I ever would be. At that time the disease was at its worst stage, and as I thought, was fast ebbing my life away, when a friend called my attention to your medicine, S. S. S., as a purifier of the blood. As a last resort, I began using it, and after the first three bottles had been taken, there was a marked change for the better in my condition, and the improvement continued until I came out a new man. This has been seven years ago."

The above straightforward, truthful story of a remarkable cure is told by a straightforward, truthful man. Eczema was cured, and permanently so, by S. S. S. (Swift's Specific) of a virtuous cure of Eczema which had afflicted him for thirty-five years. He is naturally grateful. He wants others to know what cured him. Are you afflicted like he was? Then be guided by the benefits he received from the use of S. S. S. and be cured also.

In warm weather the victims of Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all eruptive diseases, suffer untold torments. Coarse itching, sleepless nights, shattered nerves and loss of appetite are the results of these maladies that find their origin in contaminated blood, manifesting themselves externally in little hard pimples, blisters, peeling of the skin, and weeping crusts. The best remedy ever known for their complete, quick and permanent cure is S. S. S. (Swift's Specific). It goes at once to the root of the trouble by purifying the blood; this done, the disease vanishes. S. S. S. is wholly vegetable, and its use begins at once the rebuilding of the system, while expelling the poison from the blood. No disorder of the blood can withstand its powerful purifying properties. Books on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

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Plain Facts to Be Considered

Some of the pins and needle stores usually styled Dry Good stores are continually boring the public with damaging advertisements, claiming to sell at about half the prices charged at regular men's furnishing houses. "It's all a bluff," as can be proven at any time by comparing quality and prices at our store.

Our Regular Prices Are as Low and Sometimes Lower than Cut Prices At Other Stores.

Handkerchiefs Squares, always 50c. Wales Ties, always 25c. Wash Ties, always 6 for 50c. Bat-and-Wash Ties, always 2 for 25c. Fancy Hosiery, big stock, at 25c. a pair. This is as high price as some stores dare venture, but we have elegant lines at 50c. and 65c. each. NEGLIGEE SHIRTS. Fine goods, \$2.00 quality at \$1.50 each, \$1.50 quality at \$1.00 each—such as dry good stores have no demand for.

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Must Be Closed Out at Once, Why?

NOTE THE REASON.

It is this. In order to accommodate our Fall stock to the best interest of our patrons, and the shopping public, we are contemplating four tensive improvements to the interior of our store, to be begun about August 10th. This improvement will effect more particularly our Ready-made Department, hence we are compelled to close this entire stock. Space will not permit us to quote all the prices, but note the articles, and the price will be the smallest consideration.

White and Colored Pique and Crash Skirts

Percale and Lawn Wrappers.

SILK SHIRT WAISTS.

Mohair and Flannel Bath Suits.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS, &C.

White Pique and Colored Shirt Waists

75c. qualities go at 38c. \$1.00 qualities go at 50c. \$1.25 qualities go at 63c. \$1.50 qualities go at 75c. \$2.00 qualities go at \$1.00. \$3.00 qualities go at \$1.50.

Our loss but your gain, they must go.

Embroidery Specials, Beginning Monday.

Fine Swiss, Nainsook and Cambric Embroideries, 20c., 25c. and 35c. qualities go at

17c.

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It is easy enough for a store to announce a reduction in prices and make you think prices are actually reduced; when they are not! We warn you—and ask you to discriminate between those sales and our own legitimate "Clearing Sale," the purpose of which is legitimate—honest—and which is inaugurated because it is necessary to sell as much of the stock before we take inventory on the 1st of August.

Only an idea of the remarkable values we are distributing can be gotten from what we print. Regular prices are plainly marked—there's no trickery here.

MEN'S SUITS REDUCED.

\$4.39	\$6.98	\$8.90
For Suits that sold up to \$7.50.	For Suits that sold up to \$10.	For Suits that sold up to \$13.

\$11.75	\$14.50	\$16.98
For Suits that sold up to \$18.	For Suits that sold up to \$22.	For Suits that sold up to \$25.

Men's Pants Go Like This:

89c. for Men's \$1.25 Wool and Duck Pants.
\$1.98 for \$2.50 and \$3 Pants.
\$2.39 for \$4 and \$4.50 Pants.
\$3.88 for \$5 and \$6 Pants.
\$4.35 for \$7 and \$7.50 Pants

Little Boys' Suits Reduced.

\$1.25	\$1.39
For Suits which sold up to \$3.50.	For Suits that sold up to \$2.75.

\$2.40	\$3.35
For Suits which sold up to \$4.50.	For Suits which sold up to \$5.50.

All Knee Pants Cut.

All the 25c. and 35c. ones for 16c.
All the 39c. ones for 19c.
All the 50c. ones for 39c.
All the 69c. ones for 49c.
All the 89c. ones for 59c.

Wash Suits near one-half.

The 79c. wash suits are 49c.
The \$1.50 wash suits are 89c.

Youths' Suits Cut to Core.

All that were \$4 and \$4.50, \$2.98.
All that were \$6 and \$6.50, \$4.75.
All that were \$8.50 and \$10, \$6.98.
All that were \$12 and \$14, \$9.75.

TWO LOTS BOYS' SHIRTS.

39c. for Boys Laundered Percale Shirts—some with attached collars and separate collars and some with collars to be worn with white collars—some are negligee shirts. None of them sold for less than 25c., and many sold for 25c.

59c. for an immense lot of Boys' Handsome Negligee Shirts including white dummies and silk bosom Shirts, which sold for as high as \$1.00 in the handsomest patterns.

25c. NECK WEAR, 12 1/2c.
50c. NECK WEAR, 25c.
25c. GARTERS, 11c.

BOYS' SHIRTWAISTS, 17c.
Little Boys' Handsome Merrimac Percale Shirtwaists, in the very best patterns, such as sell for 25c. and 25c. to go for.....17c.

MEN'S OVERALLS, 39c.
Men's best Blue Denim Overalls, with double stitched seams, with cuffs and aprons, usually sold for 50c. and 60c. for.....39c.

All \$1.25 and \$1.50 Shirts, 98c.
All \$1.75 and \$2.00 Shirts \$1.25

A big lot of Fine Straw Hats and Tan, Brown and Light Colored Derbys, \$2.50, \$2, \$1.50 values at

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